

ARIZONA CITIZEN.

Vol. V.]

TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY, A. T., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1874.

[No. 5.]

THE ARIZONA CITIZEN

—18—

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Copy, one year, \$5.00
One Copy, six months, 3.00
Single numbers, 25

ADVERTISING RATES:

Twelve lines in this type, one sq.
One square, twelve lines, one time, \$3.00
Each subsequent insertion, 1.50
Professional cards, per quarter, 8.00

Plain death notices, free. Ordinary remarks in prose, \$3 per square; in poetry, \$2.50 per line.

Business advertisements at Reduced Rates. Office Northwest corner Main and Congress streets.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE CITIZEN:

W. N. Kelly, newsdealer at Prescott, has THE CITIZEN for sale, and has authority to receive and receipt for money due us.
L. P. Fisher, 20 and 21 New Merchants' Exchange, is our authorized Agent in San Francisco.
Schneider, Grierson & Co., Arizona City.
E. Irvine & Co., Phoenix.
JOHN WASSON, Proprietor.

J. C. HANDY, M. D.

TUCSON, ARIZONA.
CORNER OF CHURCH AND CONVENT.

R. A. WILBUR, M. D.

TUCSON, ARIZONA.
OFFICE: COR. STONE AND CONVENT STS.

THEO. F. WHITE,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR.
Deputy Surveyor of Mineral Lands,
Tucson, Arizona. 50-1f

HUGH FARLEY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Office on Congress Street.

J. E. McCAFFRY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
U. S. District Attorney for Arizona.
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Office on Congress street. 11f

COLES BASHFORD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. 11f

WILLIAM J. OSBORN,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
Special assistance given in obtaining patents for Mining and Preemption claims.
Office north side Congress street, Tucson, Arizona.

J. A. STEELE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Office in brick building, up stairs, corner Main and Congress street. 43-1f

J. W. CLARK, O. F. MCCARTY.

MCCARTY & CLARK,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
Practice in all the Courts of the Territory.
Office in the Hodge Building, Tucson, November 1, 1874. 1f

BRIGGS GOODRICH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Will practice in all the Territorial Courts and before the local land offices in the Territory.
Office on South side Court-house plaza. 43-1f

HARRY B. JONES,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
Copying neatly and quickly done. Collecting of debts and a general supervision of business for non residents. I shall endeavor to merit the confidence of my friends generally, and will be thankful for any work entrusted to my care.
Office on Congress St., Tucson, Arizona. August 29, 1874. 47-1f

O. W. STREETER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Tucson, Arizona.
Will practice in the Supreme and District Courts of the Territory and in all the Departments at Washington; secure Bounty Land Warrants for old soldiers; also back pay of any description that may be due to California Volunteers; and as Special agent of the Pension Bureau, will secure pensions for all entitled to them. Oct 3-1f

Fresh Yeast.

BREWER'S YEAST FRESH EVERY day at
LEVIN'S PARK BREWERY.
December 13, 1873. 1f

For Sale.

TWO BOILERS AND TWO ENGINES Cheap for Cash; one engine is 8-horse and the other 12-horse power.
Apply to RICHARD & CO., at Sanford, Arizona. August 29, 1874. 47-1f

Lumber and Shingles.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO FILL ORDERS for A No. 1 Lumber at 12 1/2 cents per foot and Shingles at \$10 per thousand.
Orders left with E. N. Fish & Co. will receive prompt attention.
THOMAS GARDNER.

THE FATTED CALF.

Said Jack to Tom, one Summer day,
"You're getting in a baddish way,
Your breath is short, your breast is flat,
You need to weigh a dozen stone,
And now you're only skin and bone;
Why, you're as lean as I am fat."

"Come out with me, my farm is near;
I know you'll like our country cheer,
My fruit is ripe, my eggs are new;
I've claret, too, your favorite brand;
Come out, now, come; say 'Yes,' off-hand;
I'll kill the fatted calf for you."

"That last remark of yours, dear Jack,
Though meant in kindness, holds me back."

"I don't see why, though," Tom replied,
"The fatted calf—to take its life—
Think of your children and your wife,
And you committing suicide."

OUR San Francisco correspondent telegraphs for the benefit of the Arizona readers of The Union the list of passengers per steamer Montana, which sailed for the mouth of the Colorado river yesterday: For Yuma—Dr. Magruder and wife and lady friend, four children and servant, Mrs. Pool, Miss Pool, Col. Eckell, Mrs. Sylba, Jack Lager, For Guaymas—J. P. Elliott, R. W. Mudge, L. Von Gundell, C. Russellbach, For La Paz—Juan Fernandez, R. Pilmo, T. Caneyet, V. Lafont, O. E. Miller, Geo. Kelly, For Mazatlan—John Kelly, R. Fernandez.—[San Diego Union, October 24.]

THE YUMA SENTINEL of last Saturday says:

Wm. B. Hooper & Co. dispatched during the week 300,000 lbs. government freight, to Camps Grant, Bowie, Lowell and Apache, and 10,000 lbs. citizen freight, to Tucson, Maricopa and stations on the road, and that the trains of M. Cavanaugh and Geo. Fields left for Tucson on the 26th; those of Fred Myers and James Quinlan on the 28th, and those of Mullen, Edwards and Contreras on the 30th.

The building on Main street which Wm. Burk is fitting up for a hotel and which he has named the "Grand Hotel," is nearly completed and makes a very neat appearance.

The Hon. Judge DeForest Porter arrived at home on Friday evening of last week. He came down the river from Fort Mohave on the row-boat Morning Star.

THE Nevada, California, Transcript, of October 6, had the following article:

John W. Clark formerly of this city, is a candidate for District Attorney in Tucson, Arizona. Mr. Clark's previous training eminently fits him to fill with ability such a position, and we hope he may be successful in securing the position. He passed through Santa Clara College, in this State, took a course in Harvard University Law School, and read law with Williams & Johnson of this city for two years. In 1871 he was examined by the Supreme Court of the State, and although the examination was very long and rigid, he passed with ease and with great credit to himself. There were eleven applicants for admission at the time he was examined, and only five passed. Mr. Clark standing the highest of the class. After his admission, he formed a copartnership with District Attorney M. S. Deal, of this county, and remained in practice about two years, after which he went to his present place of residence. The voters of Tucson can elect no better man for the position, and we hope ere long to be able to chronicle their favorable action in the matter.

THE ALTA CALIFORNIA has been so uniformly kind to Arizona, that we cheerfully give it the benefit of a publication of the following clipped from a late number:

The Alta California Almanac for 1875 (the eighth year of its publication) will be published in the beginning of December—not later than the 10th. In addition to the calendar it will contain a series of articles of general interest to the people of the coast, and to those elsewhere desirous of migrating to our side of the continent, including a review of the industrial progress of the Slope for the past year, a chronological table of notable events, a copy of James Lick's deed giving his property for the benefit of California, schedules of telegraphic and postal charges, tables of election and other statistics, and court terms, and lists of Executive, Judicial, Military and Naval officials of our Coast, State and City, and of the Post offices and Postmasters of the Pacific Slope.

"THE OYSTER AVALANCHE," a paper we assisted to establish in 1865 and put upon a solid basis in a couple of years, appeared as a daily October 17. W. J. Hill who succeeded us, is still editor and proprietor—having withstood the Winters of almost six months and deep snows also, ever since. Though quite a young man, he seems to delight in being called "Old Hill," and is so known in the upper Territories. He is just closing out a term as sheriff and declined a re-election because he could not afford to neglect his paper. The telegraph has recently been extended to his town—Silver City—and the citizens of Owyhee county were, and must be yet, the best newspaper patrons we ever found anywhere, for when we left The Avalanche it had as many subscribers as there were voters in the county. We hope "Old Hill" will make the daily a success, and if anybody can, he will.

THE DENVER MINING JOURNAL says it wants short but interesting communications from every mining district in Wyoming, New Mexico and Arizona.

E. H. HELLINGS is appointed Postmaster at Phoenix, Arizona.

LANDS NEAR TUCSON.

We here reprint the bill relating to these lands which passed the House of Representatives June 14, and is now awaiting action in the Senate. We do this to call the attention of all interested to its provisions for if it contains any objectionable ones, or if it can be amended for the better, there is time for advising Delegate McCormick thereof. Congress convenes on the 7th of December, and if amendments in the way of improvements to the bill are promptly forwarded, it may be amended and finally passed by both Senate and House; but any delay in this respect will be dangerous, for Congress will adjourn March 3, and all bills not then passed will die. We are informed that as the bill stands, it has the approval of the General Land office:

An act to grant title to certain lands in the Territory of Arizona.

Whereas certain lands in Santa Cruz valley, county of Pima and Territory of Arizona, have for many years been occupied and possessed by persons of Mexican birth, who became citizens of the United States under the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo and the Gadsden treaty; and whereas the said persons desire to secure patents for said lands in the small and irregular tracts in which they were originally taken up under Mexican authority, and have been held and cultivated to the present time, and they cannot do so under the existing land laws of the United States: therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right and title of the United States to the land embraced in sections 2, 11 and 14, and the east half of section three, ten and fifteen, of township fourteen south, range thirteen east, Gila and Salt river meridian, in the county of Pima and Territory of Arizona, be, and the same are hereby, relinquished and granted to the person or persons who have been in the actual bona-fide occupancy or possession of said land, by themselves or their ancestors or grantors for twenty years next preceding the date of the passage of this act; and it shall be the duty of the register and the receiver of the United States land-office for the district in which said land lies, to hear and determine, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land-office, the rights of the parties claiming under this act; and for that purpose the said register and the said receiver shall have the power to summon witnesses, administer oaths, and take testimony relative to such occupancy or possession: Provided, That no claim as aforesaid shall be of any validity under this act unless it shall have been duly filed with the said register and the said receiver within one year after the passage of this act: And provided further, That this grant shall not extend to any reservation of the United States, nor prejudice any valid adverse right or claim, if such exist, to said land, or any part thereof nor preclude a judicial examination thereof.

Sec. 2. That whenever it shall have been determined by the said register and the said receiver, or on appeal by the Commissioner of the General Land-office or Secretary of the Interior, that any tract has been occupied as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the surveyor-general for said Territory to cause the said claims to be surveyed in accordance with the lines of such occupancy, and to furnish approved plats of the same, upon the receipt and approval of which said plats and the field-notes thereof by the Commissioner of the General Land-office, patents shall issue as in other cases.

Sec. 3. That any part or parts of said designated lands that are not shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of the General Land-office to have been so occupied for twenty years, shall be held by him as open to settlement under the provisions of the pre-emption or homestead laws of the United States, and patents may be issued therefor for any number of acres not exceeding one hundred and sixty that parties complying with said legal provisions may desire to hold: Provided, That all existing occupants who have settled on said lands within a period of less than twenty years shall have the prior right to acquire the same under the homestead laws of the United States.

Pending the passage of the bill, Delegate McCormick made the following remarks in the House of Representatives:

Mr. Speaker, the original draught of this bill was prepared in Arizona and handed me at a mass meeting of the citizens at the capital. I was earnestly requested to urge its passage by Congress as an act of simple justice.

It is intended to give title to about four sections of land which for long years have been in possession of persons of Mexican birth. Under the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo and the Gadsden treaty, these persons, or their descendants, became citizens of the United States, and they are good citizens of the class described in the recent able speech of the gentleman from New Mexico [Mr. Atkins] as "loyal, law-abiding, peaceable, well-disposed, and wedded to our institutions."

The lands in question were originally taken up in small and irregular tracts under permits from the Mexican authorities, and have been steadily held and cultivated by these people, who are anxious to have Government title to them in the precise form in which they have been occupied, and in no other. In some instan-

ces the tracts embrace not more than five acres—no tract I think embraces over fifty acres—and as it was understood by the Mexican population of Arizona, then a part of New Mexico, that they should have a full and complete title to their lands, as held prior to the making of the treaties referred to, I trust the reasonable propositions of this bill will be agreed to by the House.

A RAILROAD STRAW.

October 11th to 13th, President Grant and a party of distinguished men in public and private life, visited several points in Indian Territory. The President talked to the Choctaws at Vinita on the 11th; to the Choctaws at Caddo on the 12th, and also to the Creeks at Muscogee. He said nothing about railways but confined his remarks solely to giving good advice to the Indians and in praise of the country for its adaptability to stock-growing and the staple agricultural products; yet some of the big eastern dailies think the visit just before the meeting of Congress, has reference to the extension of railways. The Atlantic and Pacific extends from St. Louis to Vinita in Indian Territory, and can go no further unless with consent of the Indians and additional legislation. The New York Herald, which uniformly puts a false construction upon all the President's movements, among other surmises, intimates that the object of the visit was to forward railways now under way in the Southwest and South. We surely hope it was for that purpose and that it will succeed.

Ten, twelve and more years ago, it was enough to politically damn a man to oppose building railways into the great west, and we believe the good sense of the people in this respect is reviving. The great northern cities have an overland railway, but even they would be benefited by a through southern line. With the great Canada and Lake Shore lines to the West and Northwest, the cities of Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and others only grow faster and the country about them improved in like proportion, and with the great lines through the latter, the cities and country along the great lakes grew as they never had before in wealth and population. And another overland from Louisiana or southern Missouri to San Diego, would only swell the business of the whole country; and while it would especially aid the whole southern part of the United States and its southern Territories, it would still benefit the nation at large. It is immaterial to New York, Boston or San Francisco whether the ships that cross the ocean take a southern or northern route, and it would be about the same to them, if the overland cars were to pass over the 32d or 40th parallel of latitude or some over both.

We hope the next session of Congress will take this broad and correct view of the subject, and that the President's visit to Indian Territory and other points in the isolated West, will induce him to strengthen that body in this respect. As we have before said, the nation has given the Texas and Pacific company a more valuable franchise (looking to the future) than it cares for, but it is preferred that Congress shall modify this franchise so that the nation will be gainer in the immediate transaction, and the company be enabled to at once give the country a road which will reduce the nation's expense and benefit the whole people, and particularly about ten millions of them. As Congress is soon to assemble again, we hope every person who can make himself heard in Washington or with his representative in Congress, will not fail to exert himself as indicated.

FROM various sources we gather these military items:

Acting Assistant Surgeon C. B. Brierly, probably the same that figured among the old Camp Grant actors a few years ago, was lately relieved from duty at Presidio, San Francisco, and ordered to report to the Medical Director of the department of California for annulment of his contract.

October 7, the transfer of private George Smith, Co. H, Fifth Cavalry, to the general mounted service, was revoked; and on the 8th of the same month, the transfer of private Frank Foster from the general service of the army to B company, Fifth Cavalry, was revoked.

We see it announced that Lieut. Geo. M. Wheeler of the Engineer Corps of the army, and well known throughout the entire Great West, is about to be married to a Miss Blair of St. Louis, of the famous family of Montgomery Blair.

A DR. DAVIS of Georgia, having assured The Country Gentleman that Angora goats yield fleeces weighing only ounces instead of pounds, N. Gilmore of El Dorado county, California, who is a raiser of Angoras, writes to The Rural Press of San Francisco, that the fleece of one of his 1-year old bucks, sheared this year, weighed three pounds and two ounces, and another one 3-years old and sheared last April, yielded a fleece of four pounds and twelve ounces. One of Mr. Gilmore's goats was 63-dths pure and the other a pure blood.

Bakery and Confectionery.

ON MESILLA STREET.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE to inform the public of Tucson that he has fitted up the above mentioned establishment in a most magnificent style, where he will furnish customers every morning and throughout the day with

Fresh Bread, Cakes, etc.

In connection with the Bakery is a Confectionery, where Cakes and Pies of all kinds can be had at all hours of the day. Orders filled at the shortest notice and to entire satisfaction.

JULIUS HAUERLEN, Proprietor.
Tucson, August 15, 1874. 45-3m

TUCSON RESTAURANT,

Meyers Street.

REGULAR MEALS—BREAKFAST from 6 to 10 a. m. Lunch from 12 m. to 2 p. m.; Dinner from 4 to 8 p. m.

All meals served in the best style with the very best that the market affords. I also make it known to the public that from this date

Meals will be Served in the Night, at all hours, at a reasonable charge.

J. NEUGASS, Proprietor.
October 10, 1874. 1-3m.

Wool, Sheep Skins, Hides and Furs.

I HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED BY one of the most extensive business houses of San Francisco to buy the above mentioned articles.

The public is therefore respectfully notified that I am prepared to buy Wool, Sheepskins, Hides and Furs, in any quantity, (the larger the better), and at the

Highest Cash Prices.

Parties having Wool which they desire to send to San Francisco or New York in preference to selling it here, can receive advances at a LOW RATE of interest by shipping the same through me, and I will give full guarantee as to the disposal of the Wool and the charges connected with the sale. For particulars address

Sep. 12. P. LAZARUS.

New Goods!! New Goods!!

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND well assorted stock of STAPLE and FANCY Groceries, as also of Wines and Brandy of all descriptions, which I offer to the trade at lower prices

Than Ever Goods have been Sold at here.

Codfish and Smoked Salmon,
Jams and Jellies,
Sweet and Dry Wines on Draught,
Candies and Nuts,
Of the BEST quality again on hand.

Unlike the Rest of Merchants here I receive my Goods by the Way of Yuma, desiring to Patronize those Whom I Expect to Patronize me.

Remember Goldberg's old stand.
Sep. 12. 38. F. LAZARUS.

W. R. HELLINGS, C. R. VAIL,
EDWARD E. HELLINGS.

SALT RIVER VALLEY

FLOURING MILL,

SALT RIVER VALLEY, ARIZONA.

OUR MILL NOW BEING IN FULL operation, we are prepared to furnish the market with a quality of Flour, which we guarantee far superior to any manufactured in the Territory, and fully equal to the very best imported from California. We will keep constantly on hand at the Mill, and at our several agencies

Three Qualities of Flour,

In 25, 50, and 100-Pound Sacks
GRAHAM FLOUR, BRAN,
CORN-MEAL, SEMITILLA
and CRACKED WHEAT.

A liberal discount will be made on regular rates to merchants and others purchasing large quantities.

AGENTS:

W. B. HOOPER & Co., Yuma.
W. B. HOOPER & Co., Ehrenberg.
GIDEON CORNELL, Prescott.
J. H. PIERSON, Wickenburg.
BARNETT & BLOCK, Phoenix.
JAMES A. MOORE, Maricopa Wells.
E. N. FISH & Co., Florence.
E. N. FISH & Co., Tucson.
W. B. HELLINGS & Co., Fast Phoenix, Arizona, Dec. 6, 74.